

数学C・中間試験問題（午後クラス・令和元年11月20日）

- 15  
問1. (1)  $\sqrt{3}+i$ を極形式で表せ。 10  
(2)  $(\sqrt{3}+i)^{12}$ をもとめよ。 5

- 30  
問2 次の連立1次方程式を解け。  
(1) 
$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 11x_2 + 4x_3 = 1 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 2 \\ 2x_1 + 7x_2 + 2x_3 = 3 \end{cases}, \quad (2) \begin{cases} 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 1 \\ 4x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 2 \\ -2x_1 - x_2 - x_3 - 2x_4 = -1 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 + 3x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$
 15 15

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問3. 次の行列のランクを求めよ。  
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 10 16

- 15  
問4. 行列  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  に対して次を求めよ。  
(1)  $2A - B + 3C$  5  
(2)  $AB - BA$  5  
(3)  $C^{-1}$  5

- 20  
問5. 行列  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 6 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $P = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  に対して次を求めよ。  
(1)  $P^{-1}$  5  
(2)  $P^{-1}AP$  5  
(3)  $(P^{-1}AP)^n$  ( $n=1, 2, 3, \dots$ ) 5  
(4)  $A^n$  ( $n=1, 2, 3, \dots$ ) 5

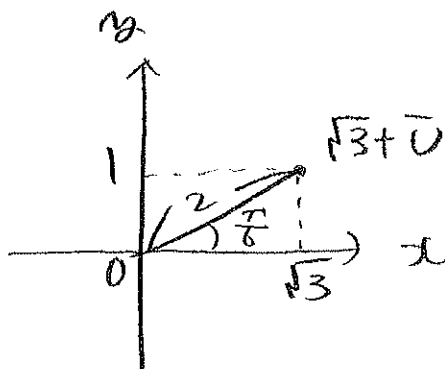
数C 2019 (午後77入) 解答例.

①

問1.

(1)  $\sqrt{3} + i$

$= 2 \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)$



(2)  $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{12}$

$= \left\{ 2 \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right\}^{12}$

$= 2^{12} \left( \cos \frac{12}{6} \pi + i \sin \frac{12}{6} \pi \right)$

$= 2^{12} = \underline{4096}$

問2.

拡大係数行列を行基本変形する.

(1)

$\left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 11 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 7 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1}-3\textcircled{2} \\ \textcircled{3}-2\textcircled{2}}} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 2 & -2 & -5 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right)$

$\xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1} \leftrightarrow \textcircled{2} \\ \textcircled{1}-3\textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{2}-2\textcircled{3}}} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1}-3\textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{2}-2\textcircled{3}}} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 8 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right)$

$\xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{2} \leftrightarrow \textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{1}-4\textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{2}+\textcircled{3}}} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 8 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1}-4\textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{2}+\textcircled{3}}} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 \end{array} \right)$

$\xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}\textcircled{3}} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{よって} \quad \begin{cases} x = 17 \\ y = -4 \\ z = -\frac{3}{2} \end{cases}$

(2)

(2) 拡大係数行列を变形する.

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 & -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \longrightarrow \\ \textcircled{2} - 2 \times \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{3} + \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{4} - \textcircled{1} \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \longrightarrow \\ \textcircled{4} \times (-\frac{1}{2}) \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \longrightarrow \\ \textcircled{1} - 3 \times \textcircled{4} \\ \textcircled{2} + 4 \times \textcircled{4} \\ \textcircled{3} - 2 \times \textcircled{4} \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \longrightarrow \\ \textcircled{1} - 2 \times \textcircled{3} \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \longrightarrow \\ \textcircled{1} \times \frac{1}{2} \\ \text{対称} \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_4 = \frac{1}{2} \\ x_2 - x_4 = 0 \\ x_3 + x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x_4 = t \text{ (任意)}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{1}{2} - t \\ x_2 = t \\ x_3 = -t \\ x_4 = t \end{cases} \quad (t: \text{任意})$$

Prob 3  $A = 5 \times 3 = 3$

(3)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{2} + \textcircled{3}}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1} - \textcircled{2} \\ \textcircled{3} + \textcircled{2}}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\textcircled{3} + \textcircled{1}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{3} \\ \text{swap}}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$B = 5 \times 4 = 2$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{1} \times \frac{1}{2} \\ \textcircled{2} + \textcircled{3} \\ \textcircled{4} + 2 \times \textcircled{3}}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\substack{\textcircled{2} - 3 \times \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{4} - 3 \times \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{3} - 2 \times \textcircled{1}}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\textcircled{3} - 2 \times \textcircled{1}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{swap}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

問4.

$$(1) 2A - B + 3C$$

$$= 2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -5 \\ -1 & 11 \end{pmatrix}}}$$

$$(2) AB - BA$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}}}$$

$$(3) C^{-1} = \frac{1}{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}}$$

問 5

⑤

$$(1) \quad P^{-1} = \frac{1}{-3+4} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}}}$$

$$(2) \quad P^{-1}AP = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 6 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ = \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}}}$$

$$(3) \quad \underline{\underline{(P^{-1}AP)^m = \begin{pmatrix} 2^m & 0 \\ 0 & 3^m \end{pmatrix}}}$$

$$(4) \quad (P^{-1}AP)^m = P^{-1}AP \cdot P^{-1}AP \cdots P^{-1}AP \\ = P^{-1}A^mP$$

$$\therefore A^m = P \cdot (P^{-1}AP)^m \cdot P^{-1}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2^m & 0 \\ 0 & 3^m \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \cdot 2^m & 2 \cdot 3^m \\ -2 \cdot 2^m & -1 \cdot 3^m \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -3 \cdot 2^m + 4 \cdot 3^m & -6 \cdot 2^m + 6 \cdot 3^m \\ 2 \cdot 2^m - 2 \cdot 3^m & +4 \cdot 2^m - 3 \cdot 3^m \end{pmatrix}}}$$