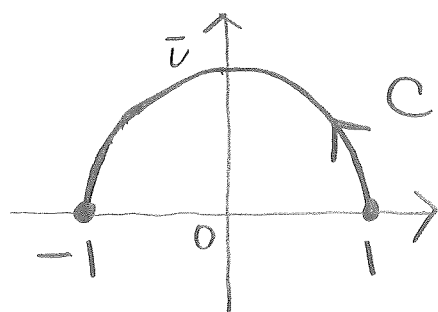


数学Ⅲ Li^o-ト (3回目)

問1.

$$f(z) = |z|, \quad g(z) = 1/z.$$

曲線 C は単位円の上半部とする.

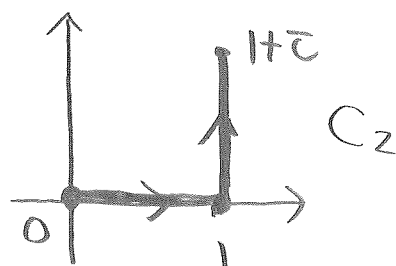
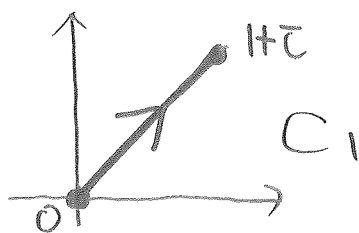


$$\int_C f(z) dz = \boxed{(1)}$$

$$\int_C g(z) dz = \boxed{(2)} \times \pi i$$

問2. $f(z) = z^2 + iz + 1$

曲線 C_1, C_2 を次の図で定める.



$$\int_{C_1} f(z) dz = -\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\boxed{(3)}}{3} i$$

$$\int_{C_2} f(z) dz = -\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\boxed{(4)}}{3} i$$

$$\boxed{(1)} = -2$$

$$\boxed{(2)} = 1$$

$$\boxed{(3)} = 5$$

$$\boxed{(4)} = 5$$

問1,

曲線 C のパラメータ表示は,

$$z(\theta) = e^{i\theta} \quad (0 \leq \theta \leq \pi)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_C f(z) dz &= \int_0^\pi |e^{i\theta}| \frac{d}{d\theta}(e^{i\theta}) d\theta \\ &= i \int_0^\pi e^{i\theta} d\theta = i \left[\frac{1}{i} e^{i\theta} \right]_0^\pi = -1 - 1 = \underline{\underline{-2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_C g(z) dz &= \int_0^\pi \frac{1}{e^{i\theta}} \frac{d}{d\theta}(e^{i\theta}) d\theta \\ &= i \int_0^\pi d\theta = \underline{\underline{\pi i}} \end{aligned}$$

問2,

C₁ のパラメータ表示は,

$$z = z_1(t) = (1+i)t \quad (0 \leq t \leq 1)$$

C₂ の " "

$$z = z_2(t) = \begin{cases} t & (0 \leq t \leq 1) \\ 1+it & (0 \leq t \leq 1) \end{cases}$$

よて

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{C_1} f(z) dz &= \int_0^1 \{ (1+i)t \}^2 + i(1+i)t + 1 \} (1+i) dt \\ &= \int_0^1 (2i \cdot t^2 + (i-1)t + 1) (1+i) dt \\ &= \left[\frac{2i}{3} t^3 + \frac{1}{2} (i-1)t^2 + t \right]_0^1 \times (1+i) \\ &= \underline{\underline{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{3} i}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_{C_2} f(z) dz = \int_0^1 (t^2 + i t + 1) dt$$

(4)

$$+ \int_0^1 \underbrace{\{(1+i t)^2 + i(1+i t) + 1\}}_{} z dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{t^3}{3} + \frac{i}{2} t^2 + t \right]_0^1 \quad -t^2 + (2i-1)t + i+2$$

$$+ i \left[-\frac{1}{3} t^3 + \frac{1}{2} (2i-1) t^2 + (i+2) t \right]_0^1$$

$$= \underline{-\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{3} i}$$