

①

数学 I 2016 リポート (5回目)

問

$$z = f(x, y) = xy e^{-x^2 - y^2} \text{ は、}$$

$$\pm \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(1)}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1)}} \right) \text{ 之極大}$$

$$\pm \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2)}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{(2)}} \right) \text{ 之極小}$$

$$\left(\boxed{(3)}, \boxed{(4)} \right) \text{ 之鞍点}$$

2

$$\boxed{(1)} = 2$$

$$\boxed{(2)} = 2$$

$$\boxed{(3)} = 0$$

$$\boxed{(4)} = 0$$

3

問.

$$\begin{cases} f_x = y e^{-x^2-y^2} + xy(-2x)e^{-x^2-y^2} \\ \quad = y(1-2x^2)e^{-x^2-y^2} \\ f_y = x(1-2y^2)e^{-x^2-y^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{xx} &= y(-4x)e^{-x^2-y^2} + y(1-2x^2)(-2x)e^{-x^2-y^2} \\ &= (-2xy)(3-2x^2)e^{-x^2-y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$f_{yy} = (-2xy)(3-2y^2)e^{-x^2-y^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{xy} &= (1-2x^2)e^{-x^2-y^2} + y(1-2x^2)(-2y)e^{-x^2-y^2} \\ &= (1-2x^2)(1-2y^2)e^{-x^2-y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$f_x = 0, f_y = 0$ を解いて

臨界点は $(0,0), \pm(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}), \pm(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})$

のうち、

極値判定定理により、

$$H(0,0) = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 < 0 \quad \text{鞍点}$$

④

$$H\left(\frac{\pm 1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{\pm 1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \begin{vmatrix} -e^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & -e^{-1} \end{vmatrix} = e^{-2} > 0$$

$$f_{xx}\left(\frac{\pm 1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{\pm 1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = -e^{-1} < 0 \quad \text{極大}$$

$$H\left(\frac{\pm 1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{\mp 1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \begin{vmatrix} e^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-1} \end{vmatrix} = e^{-2} > 0$$

$$f_{xx}\left(\frac{\pm 1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{\mp 1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = e^{-1} > 0 \quad \text{極小}$$